The dilemma of asset allocation during market volatility

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IMAP and COVID-19

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Presented by Gary Ding

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June 2020

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Agenda



What will be covering today

- 1. The dilemma of asset allocation during market volatility
 - a) COVID-19 crisis and the asset allocation impact
 - b) Challenges faced by the traditional SMA structure
 - c) A potential solution to the asset allocation dilemma
- 2. Market update and asset allocation outlook

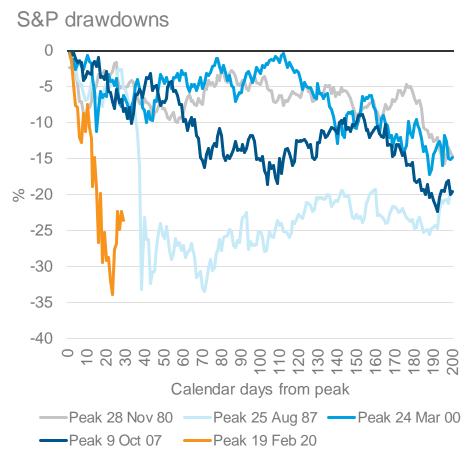


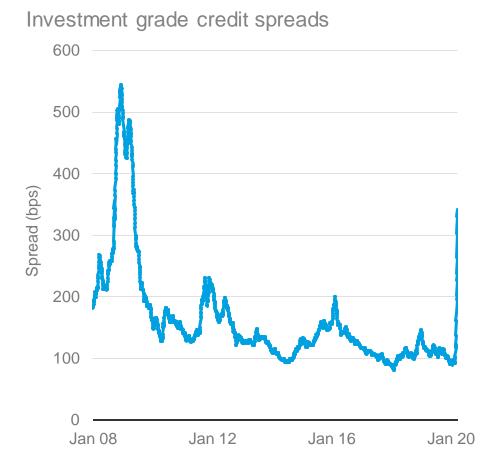
The dilemma of asset allocation during market volatility

March | Risk markets down hard and very fast



Equites have seen the fastest fall on record (including 1929)





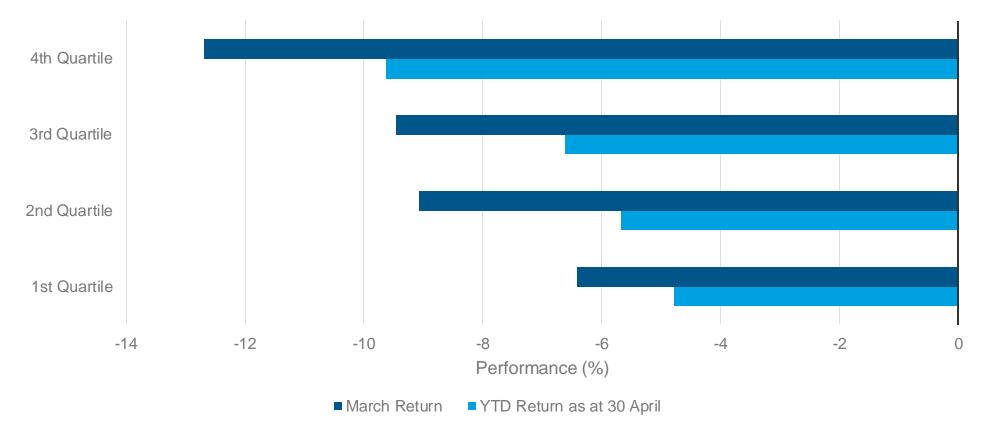
While credit spreads moved from tights to wides in a few days

Overview of recent multi-asset SMA performance



The speed of market moves and impact on trading was notable

Post fee returns for Multi-Sector Balanced SMAs



As evidenced by the divergence in multi-asset SMA returns

What drove the underperformance?



Asset allocation decisions are not the sole driver of returns

An unfavourable asset allocation decision

1

Slow to implement asset allocation decision

2

Very high transaction costs prevented the asset allocator from making changes

5

Asset allocation considerations



Asset allocation costs versus benefits based on the investment rationale



Certainties

Transaction costs Out-of-market costs



Uncertainties

Reward for making the correct asset allocation decision

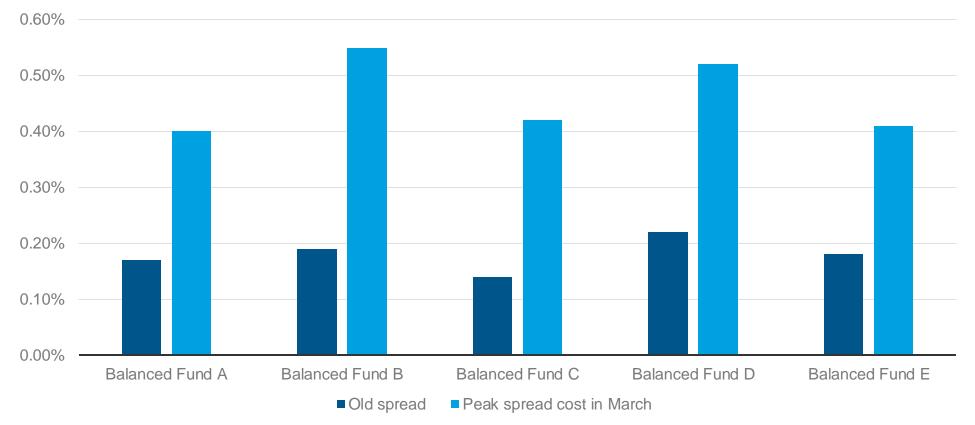
Will costs at times outweigh the benefits?

Transaction costs



Transaction costs to shift portfolio positioning increased markedly

Representative sell spreads in March*



So are the *potential* benefits worth the cost to transact?

Out-of-market costs



Asset allocator's performance will be impacted by "luck"?

Asset class returns for 3 consecutive days (across 1 March – 30 April 2020)

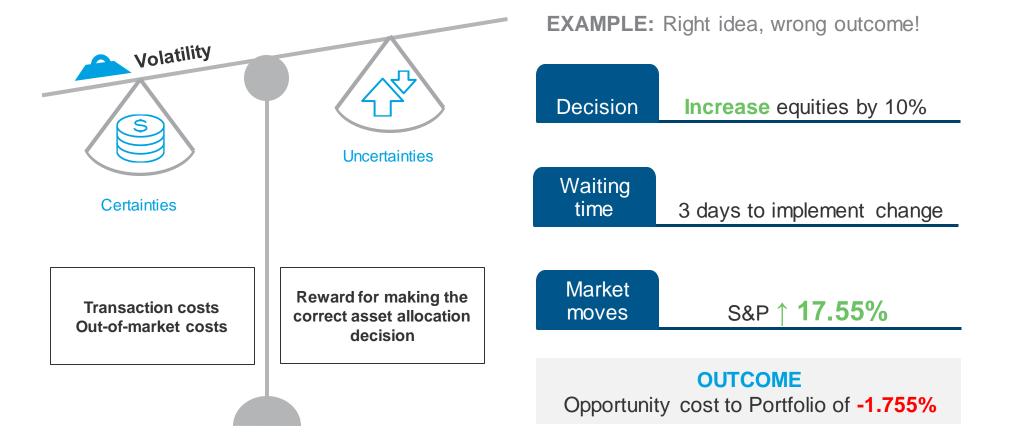
Asset class	Lowest 3-day performance	Median 3-day performance	Highest3 day performance
S&P 500	-12.96%	0.99%	17.55%
DAX	-16.25%	-0.55%	14.41%
ASX 300	-12.75%	-0.06%	12.49%
Global Fixed Income*	-4.58%	0.26%	2.45%
Australian Fixed Income^	-2.07%	0.00%	2.38%
AUDUSD	-6.93%	0.63%	4.14%

Poorly timed (unlucky!) positioning changes can be costly

Out-of-market costs



During volatility, "luck" becomes important?



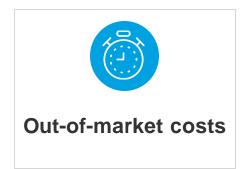
Market volatility poses a significant challenge to the traditional SMA structure



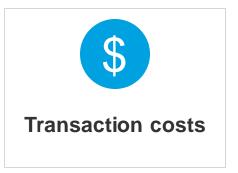
Asset allocation costs are heightened in volatile markets

Drivers of underperformance

An asset allocator should not be relying on the element of "luck"



An asset allocator should focus on allocation decisions at times when investors need it the most



The traditional SMA model



Can we do it better?

Addressing the challenges with an asset allocation vehicle



Mitigate asset allocation costs, focus on asset allocation decisions





Active asset allocation

Allows asset allocator to reposition the portfolio quickly and cost effectively



Derivatives

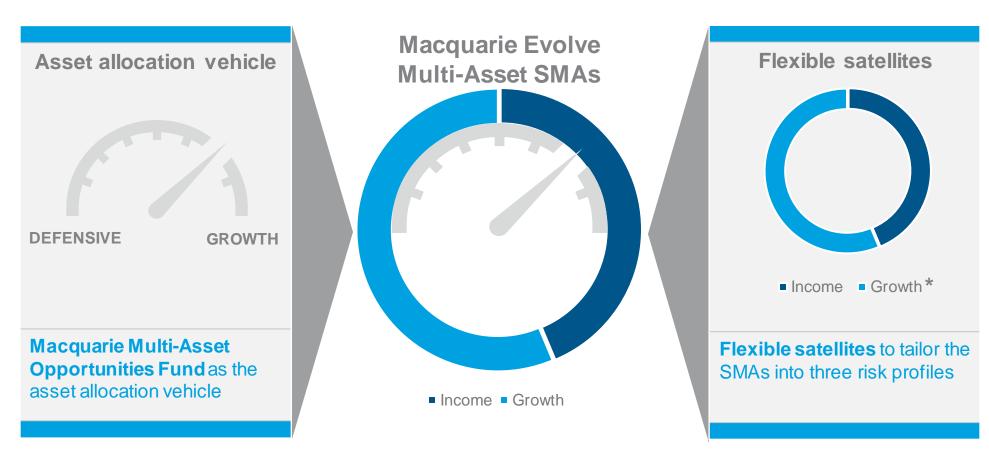
Asset allocator can utilise derivatives to shift exposures and to manage the downside risks

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A potential solution to the asset allocation dilemma



Combining an asset allocation vehicle with a traditional SMA approach

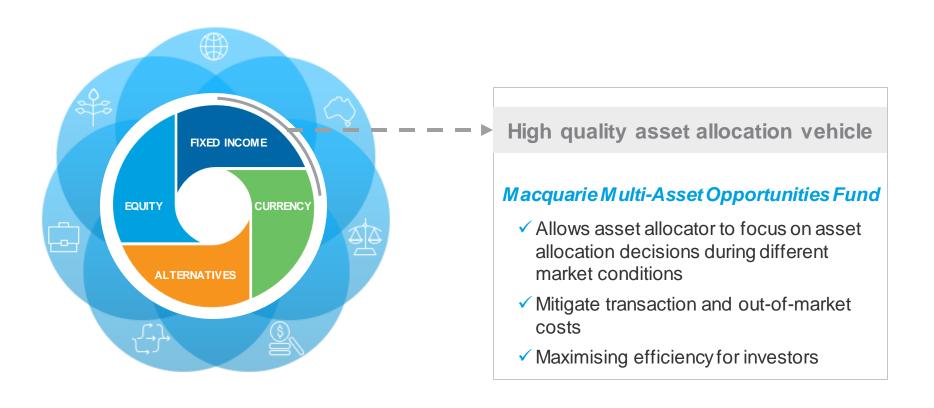


Allows the asset allocator to focus on making investment decisions

Macquarie Evolve Multi-Asset Portfolios



An asset allocation vehicle to complement the traditional SMA structure

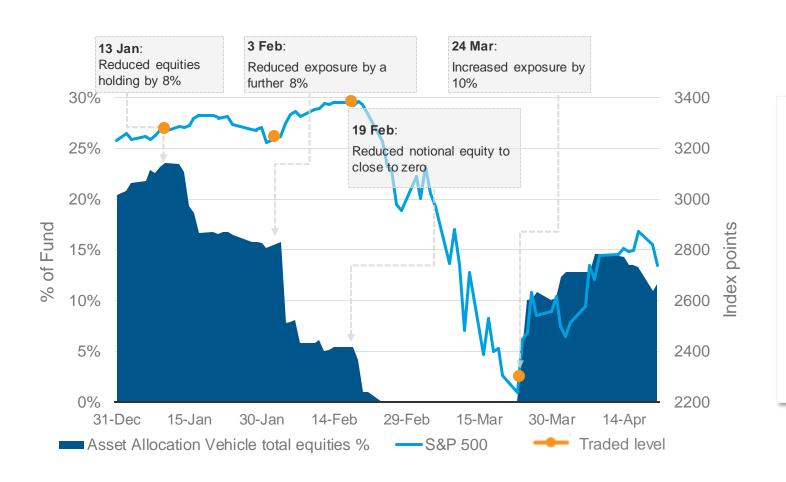


Provides a potential solution to the asset allocation dilemma

Asset allocation vehicle (MAO) in action



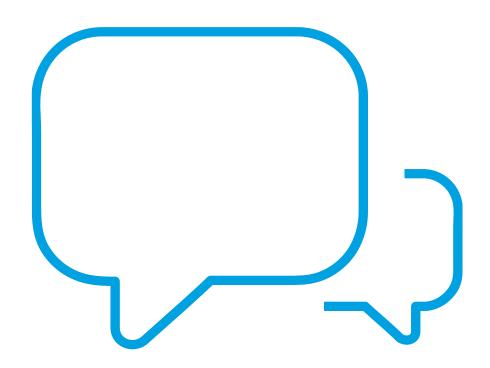
Navigating the coronavirus uncertainties



This structure
allows the
portfolio to
respond to
market events,
seeking to
capitalise on
gains or protect
capital as
required

Questions?







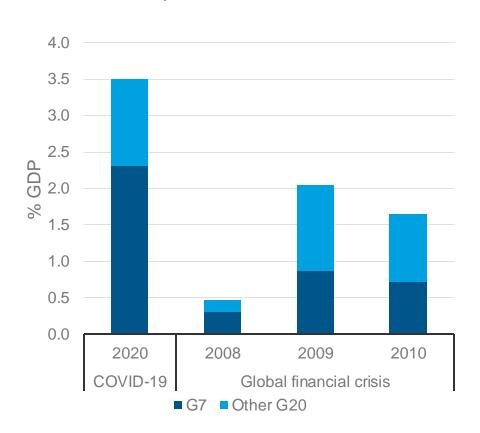
Market update and asset allocation outlook

Fiscal response has been enormous

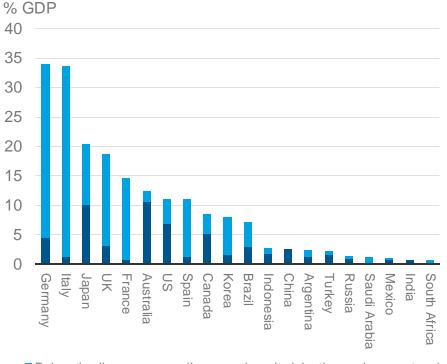


Europe total fiscal response has been larger than rest of world

Direct fiscal response to COVID-19 vs the GFC



Fiscal per country including below line guarantees



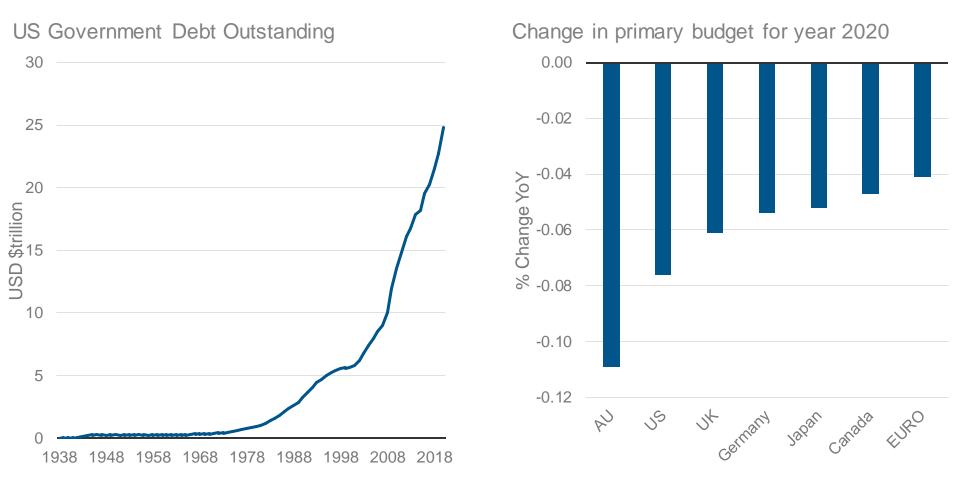
- Below-the-line measures (loans and equity injection and guarantees)
- Revenue and expenditure measures

Mainly in below the line measures

Government debt continues to grow



Fiscal spending adding to government debt



Building the bridge, filling the gap but what is the consequence?

What has changed since January

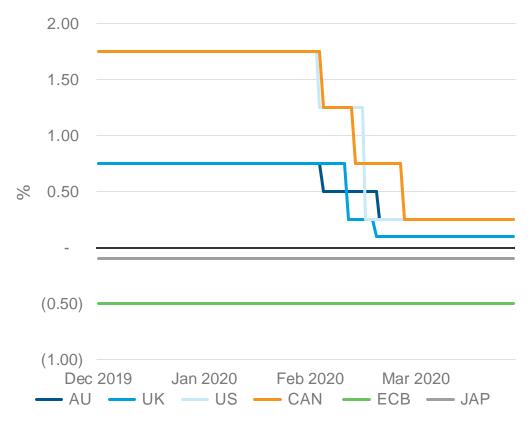


Central banks have gone all in on monetary policy

Cash rates

Country	Current Yield (%)	Change since Jan 2020
US	0.25	-1.50
UK	0.10	-0.65
AU	0.25	-0.50
GER	-0.50	0.00
JP	-0.10	0.00
CAN	0.25	-1.50





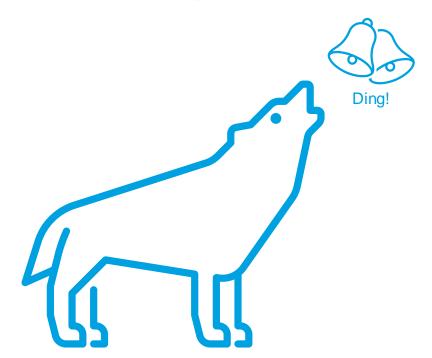
Central banks are at their effective lower bounds...for now

Central banks ring the QE bell again



Asset market responds

"Pavlov" with his dog



Discounted cash flow formula =
$$\frac{CF_t}{(1+r)^t}$$

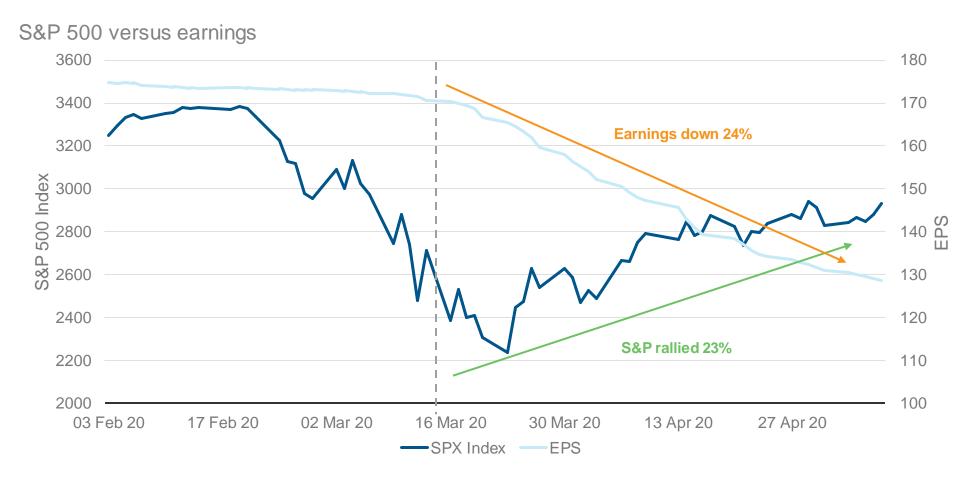
- Central banks can lower the r through rate cuts and liquidity measures which increases NPV
- At some stage though CF matters

But at some stage fundamentals should matter





QE – a significant market distortion



Does the market have its wires crossed?

Global bond yields are at the lower end of range



There is still a role for bonds

The diversification
benefits of bonds
have decreased but
bonds still play a role
in a multi-asset
portfolio

A selective approach for fixed income should be utilised, identifying regional and curve opportunities

We view US
Treasuries and
Australian
Government Bonds
as attractive
opportunities on a
hedged basis

Investment highlights and outlook



Continue to maintain an overall more defensive tilt



Equities

- Rich valuation, PE expansion driven largely by the unprecedent monetary and fiscal policy support
- Stay opportunistic, watch earnings guidance
- Economic/earnings downturn will persist



Fixed income

- Both downside or upside risks are limited given the unprecedented amount of monetary support as well as the unwillingness of stepping into a negative rate territory
- Diversification /expected return diminished



Infrastructure / property

- Continued to benefit from a very low / negative real rate
- Be selective, particularly in the commercial real estate sector



Alternatives

- Continued to offer uncorrelated return source
- An important asset class in the current environment of market uncertainty to create a return buffer



Currency

- Preference for safehaven currencies
- Continue to see AUD trade lower in the short term
- Plan to increase portfolio hedge level on AUD weakness

Portfolio asset allocation



Positioning for the uncertainty



Increasing expectations for a slow and un-even global recovery



Fundamentals are very weak, but central bank support acts as a floor to markets. Additional risks to consider post COVID-19 such as political uncertainty, deglobalisation, sovereign risk, defensive assets becoming less defensive?...



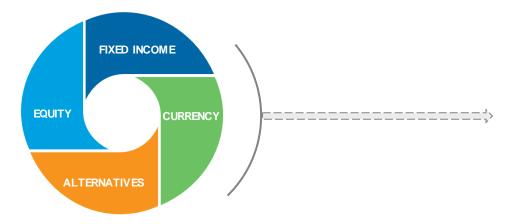
Utilise a flexible approach to asset allocation in order to protect capital or enhance returns in these uncertain times

Defend, Defend, Defend

Macquarie solutions seeking to address the asset allocation dilemma



Macquarie Multi-Asset Opportunities Fund (MAO)



Macquarie Evolve Multi-Asset SMAs



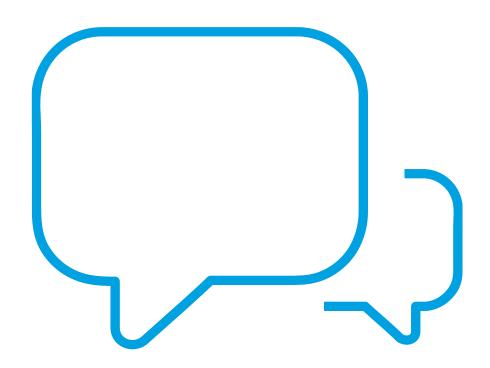
- ✓ Targeting attractive and stable real returns
- ✓ Focus on active asset allocation.
- Suitable for a core allocation within a diversified SMA

- ✓ Three investor risk profiles, using MAO as the core
- Delivers a fee conscious approach blending active and low cost strategies
- Available on the Macquarie Engage and Elevate wrap platforms

Contact Macquarie to find out more about these solutions

Questions?





Significant risks of the Macquarie Evolve Multi-Asset Portfolios



Investment risk	The Macquarie Evolve Multi-Asset Portfolios seek to generate higher returns than traditional cash investments. The risk of an investment in the Portfolios is higher than an investment in a typical bank account or term deposit. Amounts distributed to investors may fluctuate, as may the portfolios' values. The portfolio values may vary by material amounts, even over short periods of time, including during the period between a redemption or application request being made and the time the redemption unit price or application unit price for the underlying Funds are calculated.
Manager risk	There is no guarantee that the Portfolio will achieve its performance objectives, produce returns that are positive, or compare favourably against its peers. In addition, the investment strategies and internal trading guidelines may vary over time, and there is no guarantee that such changes would produce favourable outcomes.
Income securities risk	The Portfolios may have exposure to a range of income securities, including high yield, emerging markets, and structured securities. The value of these securities may fall, for example due to market volatility, interest rate movements, perceptions of credit quality, supply and demand pressures, market sentiment or issuer default. These risks may be greater for securities offering higher returns, for example high yield or emerging market securities. These risks will be greater for Portfolios with a higher exposure to fixed income securities.
Marketrisk	The investments that the Portfolio has exposure to are likely to have a broad correlation with share markets in general. Share markets can be volatile and have the potential to fall by large amounts over short periods of time. Poor performance or losses in domestic and/or global share markets are likely to negatively impact the overall performance of the Portfolio. These risks will be greater for Portfolios with a higher exposure to equities.

More information on the risks of investing in the SMA are contained in the respective platform provider's Product Disclosure Statement, which should be considered before deciding to invest in the SMA.

Significant risks of the Macquarie Multi-Asset Opportunities Fund



Investment risk	The Fund seeks to generate higher returns than traditional cash investments. The risk of an investment in the Fund is higher than an investment in a typical bank account or term deposit. Amounts distributed to unitholders may fluctuate, as may the Fund's unit price. The unit price may vary by material amounts, even over short periods of time, including during the period between a redemption re quest or application for units being made and the time the redemption unit price or application unit price is calculated.
Manager risk	There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its performance objectives, produce returns that are positive, or compare favourably against its peers. In addition, the investment strategies and internal trading guidelines may vary over time, and there is no guarantee that such changes would produce favourable outcomes.
Income securities risk	The Fund may have exposure to a range of income securities, including high yield, emerging markets, and structured securities. The value of these securities mayfall, for example due to market volatility, interest rate movements, perceptions of credit quality, supply and demand pressures, market sentiment or issuer default. These risks may be greater for securities offering higher returns, for example high yield or emerging market securities. Income security risk may cause unit price volatility and/or financial loss to the Fund.
Marketrisk	The investments that the Fund has exposure to are likely to have a broad correlation with share markets in general. Share markets can be volatile and have the potential to fall by large amounts over short periods of time. Poor performance or losses in domestic and/or global share markets are likely to negatively impact the overall performance of the Fund.
Default risk	Issuers or entities upon which the Fund's investments depend may default on their obligations, for instance by failing to make a payment due on a security or by failing to return principal. Such parties can include the issuers of securities held by the Fund (or those referenced in credit derivative transactions), and may include sovereigns, supranational entities, governments and states, as well as corporations. Counterparties to the Fund may default on a contractual commitment. Counterparties may include over-the-counter derivatives counterparties, brokers (including clearing brokers of exchange traded instruments), repurchase agreement counterparties, foreign exchange counterparties, as well as the custodian. Default on the part of an issuer or counterparty could result in a financial loss to the Fund.
Credit risk	The value of the Fund's investments may be sensitive to changes in market perceptions of credit quality, both of individual issuers and of the credit markets in general. The Fund may invest in credit related securities and takes credit risk in order to achieve its investment objectives. Deteriorations in the market's perception of credit quality may negatively impact the values of such securities, and hence the Fund's unit price.

More information on the risks of investing in the Fund is contained in the Product Disclosure Statement, which should be considered before deciding to invest in the Fund.

Term sheet – Macquarie Multi-asset Opportunities Fund



Key information	
APIR code	MAQ3069AU
Inception Date	30 September 2013
Benchmark	Bloomberg Ausbond Bank BIII Index
Management Fee	0.70% pa
Indirect Cost*	0.038% pa per PDS dated 20 November 2019
Platform availability	Macquarie Wrap, Netwealth, PowerWrap, uXchange, mFunds

Term sheet – Macquarie Evolve Multi-asset SMAs



Key information	
SMA codes	SMAMAQ05S: Macquarie Evolve Balanced Multi-Asset Portfolio SMAMAQ06S: Macquarie Evolve Conservative Multi-Asset Portfolio SMAMAQ07S: Macquarie Evolve Growth Multi-Asset Portfolio
Inception Date	25 November 2019
Benchmark	Benchmark Unaware
Management Fee*	0.205% p.a.
Indirect Cost*	Conservative: 0.417% p.a. Balanced: 0.417% p.a Growth: 0.401% p.a Due to a reduction of the management fee on one of the underlying strategies, we would expect indirect costs to be below 40bps and the ICR below 60bps across all risk profiles moving forward
Platform availability	Macquarie Wrap

^{*}Refers to the fee and costs applicable for investing in the Macquarie Evolve Multi-Asset Portfolios via the Macquarie Consolidator II – Engage Platform. Indirect cost figures are generally estimates for a previous financial year and the prevailing level of indirect costs may be different.

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