IMAP Specialist series: Zero Rates – what they mean for Managed Accounts

Session 1 – Defensive Assets – Can Traditional Goals Still be Met?

Al Clark, MLC Chamath De Silva, BetaShares

Moderated by Michael Karagianis, JANA Investment Advisers



IMAP and COVID-19

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Session 2 – Wednesday 25th November – Fixed Interest Investing – Where to Now? Moderator – Michael Karagianis, JANA

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How to ask a Question

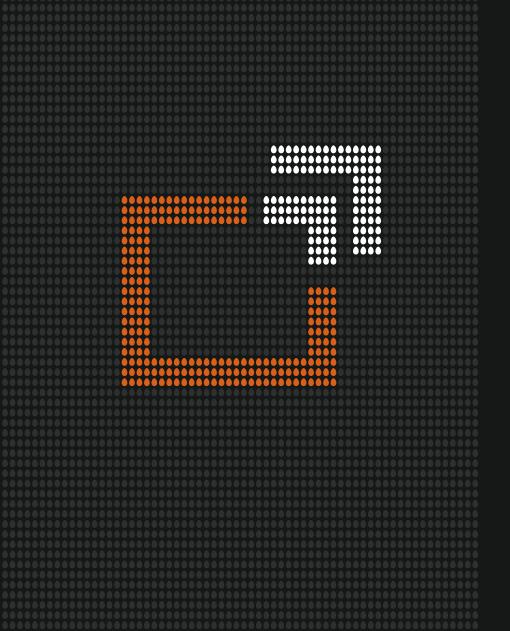












MLC Separately Managed Accounts The role of a defensive allocation

Presented by AI Clark





IMAP SPECIALIST SERIES: Zero rates – what they mean for Managed Accounts

Chamath De Silva BetaShares Portfolio Manager



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Introduction to fixed income

Fixed income and "defensive

assets" should be a bespoke solution Fixed income exposures should be assessed on how well they serve the overall portfolio The amount of equities and the type of equities held can make a big difference to the effectiveness of fixed income



The role of a defensive allocation







Asset class	Q4 2008	Q1 2020	Future event?
ASX200	22% loss	24% loss	25% loss
ACGB 10 Year	Yields fell from 5.4% to 4.0% (11% gain)	Yield fell from 1.4% to 0.68% (7% gain)	Yields need to go negative for same protection

Cautionary tales of chasing yield



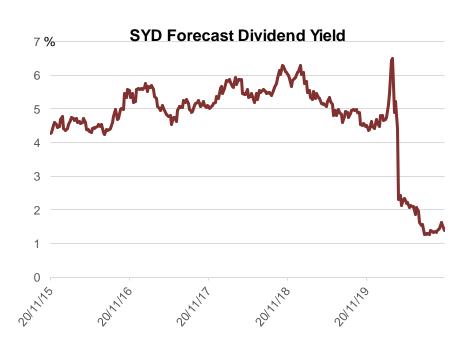
3000 ASX200 Property Index

1. AREITS in the Financial Crisis



- AREITS sailed through the Tech bubble
- Suffered 80% drawdown in GFC

2. Sydney Airports in 2020



 Expected dividends have collapsed post COVID as infrastructure revenues are challenged

Long duration (+7yrs rate duration) (10-20y US Treasuries vs 7-10y US Treasuries

2005-2009

overweight credit

Many "defensive" allocations are



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...but equity portfolios would most likely benefit from a duration overweight!

2010-2014



during crisis periods

2015-2019

2000-2004

130

126.435

Problems with traditional fixed income *****

1. Liability weighting

- Issuers can set their own weight in the index
- Issuer preferences determine risk profile of the index

2. Unstable risk profiles

- Duration creep
- Segment creep

3. Inefficient

Short dated government issues with little capital gains potential and no yield pickup over cash







Objective-based solution Diversify defensive sources

Replace the components of a traditional defensive allocation with a diverse range of exposures designed to deliver a specific objective

Duration-like assets

Gold and inflation linked bonds provide strong returns in a falling real rate environment.

Defensive strategies

Using **derivatives** to trade away market upside for downside protection of risky exposures.



Currency

Diversify currency exposure away from the AUD to risk off currencies like the **USD and JPY** to provide protection in equity falls



Volatility

Volatility tends to spike when share markets sell-off. Hold a volatility exposure.

Customised exposures

Construct income yielding equity baskets, using optionality to protect downside



Liquidity

High level of liquidity to stay nimble and adjust to changing conditions.



All these defensive techniques are embedded in the MLC Inflation Plus portfolios

Reports on Inflation Plus's strategies are available at mlc.com.au



Adding value in defensive allocations

- Fixed income can generate excess returns in the right economic environment
- Still has strong portfolio diversification benefits even with yields at historical lows
- However, we should be mindful of:
 - Embedded duration in our equity portfolios diversification benefits of fixed income vary greatly, depending on the type of equity exposures
 - Equity-like risk in our fixed income portfolios be cautious about taking on excessive credit risk well into an economic expansion or when credit spreads are very tight.





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Appendices

Diversification benefits vary with the type of equity and fixed income exposures

5-year Weekly Return Correlation					
	US Treasury Returns	US\$ IG Credit Returns*	US\$ High Yield Credit Returns*		
S&P 500	-0.24	+0.73	+0.82		
S&P 500 Value	-0.30	+0.76	+0.84		
S&P 500 Growth	-0.18	+0.67	+0.75		
S&P 500 Banks	-0.50	+0.66	+0.74		
S&P 500 Energy	-0.29	+0.69	+0.76		
S&P 500 Software	-0.14	+0.57	+0.66		

5-year Weekly Return Correlation

	Australian Govt Bond Returns	IG Credit Returns*
S&P/ASX 200	-0.06	+0.36
S&P/ASX 200 Value	-0.09	+0.38
S&P/ASX 200 Growth	+0.01	+0.26
S&P/ASX 200 Banks	-0.16	+0.39
S&P/ASX All Technology	-0.06	+0.34

Sources: Bloomberg; Betashares Capital; Data ended 13-Nov-2020

*Credit returns hedged out for interest rate risk

US Treasury returns based on Bloomberg US Treasury Aggregate 7-10-year index; IG Credit Returns based on iBoxx USD Liquid Investment Grade Interest Rate Hedged Index; High yield credit returns based on the iBoxx USD Liquid High Yield Interest Rate Hedged Index. Australian Government bond returns based on the Bloomberg AusBond 7-10y Treasury Index; IG Credit Returns based on the excess returns of the Bloomberg AusBond Credit 7-10y index relative to the Bloomberg AusBond 7-10y Treasury index.

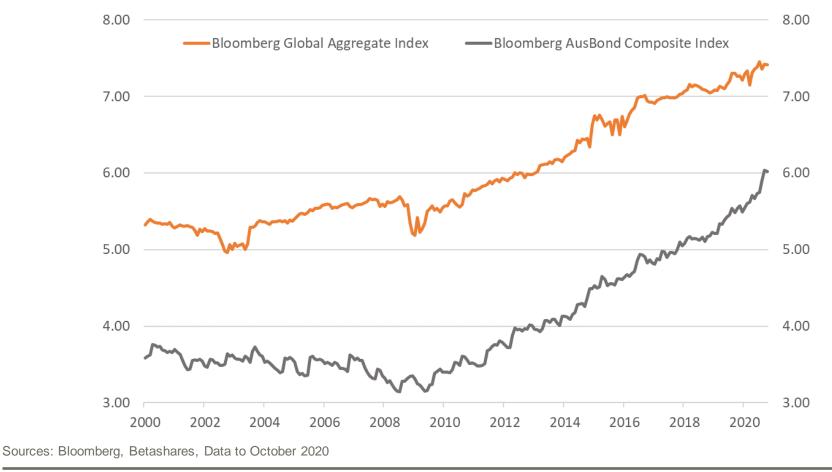
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Duration creep of benchmarks

Index Modified Duration (yrs)



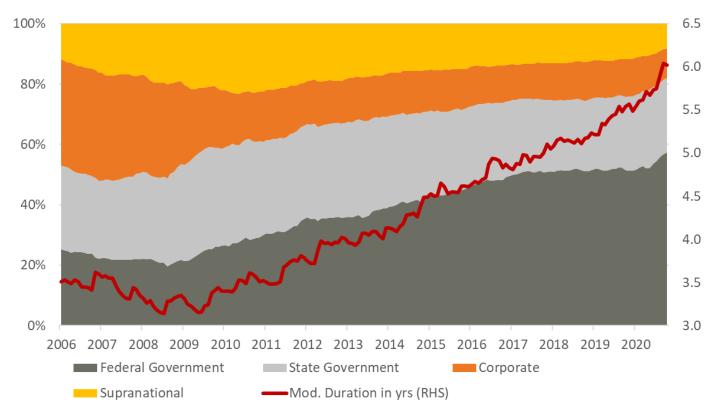






Segment creep of benchmarks

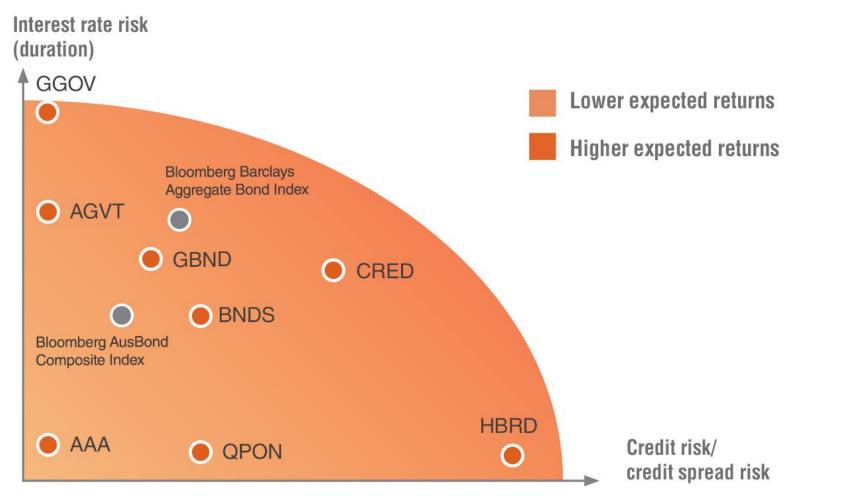
Composition of Bloomberg AusBond Composite by class



Sources: Bloomberg, Betashares, Data to October 2020



Finding the right "building block" with **FITFS**



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Things to keep in mind

Investment Risk

Investing involves risk. The value of an investment and income distributions can go down as well as up. Before making an investment decision, investors should consider the PDS and their particular circumstances, including their tolerance for risk.

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Research

See PDS for more information about risks.





Questions?



